

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 1, 11, 18, and 30-35 as set forth below, without acquiescence in the Office Action's reasons for rejection or prejudice to pursue in a related application. A complete listing of the pending claims is provided below. No new matter has been added.

1. (Currently Amended) A computer-implemented method for implementing efficient access to XML data, comprising:

receiving a schema for the XML data;

storing the XML data in a database in a storage system, wherein one or more elements of the schema are stored in one or more respective columns of the database;

identifying an element within the schema to associate with a named access procedure;

determining, by using a processor if the element ~~identified~~ is appropriate for association with the named access procedure based at least in part upon a datatype of the element, wherein certain datatypes of elements within the database are designated as not eligible for the named access procedure such that the element having at least one of the certain datatypes are not associated with the named access procedure;

~~determining using a processor at least one access parameter for the element relative to a second element in accordance with the schema, wherein the at least one access parameter allows the named access procedure to have direct access to the element stored in a column of the database, wherein direct access comprises accessing the column of the database for the element to access an instance of the XML data associated with the element without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of elements defined in the schema; and~~

if the element ~~identified~~ is appropriate for association, then creating the named access procedure and associating the named access procedure with the element, the named access procedure providing direct access to ~~[[the]]~~ an instance of the XML data such that the named access procedure returns an appropriate datatype for the element without converting the datatype of the element, wherein direct access comprises accessing a column of the database for the

element to access an instance of the XML data associated with the element without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of elements defined in the schema; and

storing the element in a volatile or non-volatile computer readable medium or displaying the element on a display device.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1 in which the named access procedure is defined based upon analysis of the schema.
3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2 in which an access parameter includes offset information for the element.
4. (Original) The method of claim 1 in which the named access procedure is a procedure to get a value for the element or to set a value for the element.
5. (Original) The method of claim 1 in which the named access procedure performs a direct mapping to an intended datatype for the element.
6. (Original) The method of claim 5 in which a conversion to a string datatype is not performed when mapping to the intended datatype.
7. (Original) The method of claim 5 in which the mapping is to a close-matching datatype.
8. (Original) The method of claim 1 in which the element is not appropriate for association if it corresponds to a datatype of 'ANY' or is a node that is not defined in the schema.
9. (Original) The method of claim 1 in which the element is appropriate for association if it corresponds to a native datatype of the system in which the method is performed.
10. (Original) The method of claim 1 in which the named access procedure is implemented as a bean accessor type.
11. (Currently Amended) A method for performing efficient access to XML data, comprising:

storing the XML data in a database in a storage system, wherein one or more elements of a schema associated with the XML data are stored in one or more respective columns of the database;

identifying an element associated with an instance of the XML data to access;

determining, by using a processor, if the element has been associated with a named access procedure corresponding to the element based at least in part upon a datatype of the element, wherein certain datatypes of elements within the database are designated as not eligible for the named access procedure such that the element having at least one of the certain datatypes was not associated with the named access procedure;

~~determining using a processor at least one access parameter for the element relative to a second element in accordance with a schema, wherein the at least one access parameter allows the named access procedure to have direct access to the element stored in a column of the database, wherein direct access comprises accessing the column of the database for the element to access an instance of the XML data associated with the element without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of elements defined in the schema;~~

if the element has been associated with the named access procedure, then using the named access procedure to access ~~[[the]]~~ an instance of the XML data associated with the element such that the named access procedure returns an appropriate datatype for the element without converting the datatype of the element, wherein direct access comprises accessing a column of the database for the element to access an instance of the XML data associated with the element without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of elements defined in the schema; [[and]]

if the element has not been associated with the named access procedure, then using a DOM API to access the instance of the XML data; and

storing the element in a volatile or non-volatile computer readable medium or displaying the element on a display device.

12. (Original) The method of claim 11 in which a schema for the XML data is known apriori and the named access procedure is based upon analysis of the schema.

13. (Original) The method of claim 11 in which the named access procedure performs a direct mapping to an intended datatype for the element.
14. (Original) The method of claim 11 in which other elements of the data not presently needed are not loaded into memory.
15. (Original) The method of claim 11 in which the element is at a known offset from a parent location.
16. (Original) The method of claim 15 in which the mapping of the known offset is managed independently of the XML data.
17. (Original) The method of claim 15 in which a memory layout associated with the XML data is maintained as a flat layout.
18. (Currently Amended) A computer-implemented method for implementing efficient access to data that is based at least in part upon a mark-up language, in which the data associated with a schema, the data comprising a parent node and one or more child nodes, the method comprising:
 - receiving the schema for the data that is based on the mark-up language;
 - storing the data in a database in a storage system, wherein the one or more child nodes of the data is stored in one or more respective columns of the database;
 - identifying a child node that is to be accessed within the data based at least in part upon a datatype of the child node, wherein certain datatypes of child nodes within the database is designated as not eligible for a named access procedure;
 - reviewing the schema to determine one or more access parameters relating to the child node;
 - determining, by using a processor, the one or more access parameters for the child node relative to the parent node in accordance with the schema, wherein the at least one access parameter allows the named access procedure to have direct access to an instance of the child

node in the data stored in a column of the database, wherein direct access comprises accessing the column of the database for the child node to access an instance of the data associated with the child node without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of nodes defined in the schema; [[and]]

using the one or more access parameters to directly access the instance of the child node within the data such that the named access procedure returns an appropriate datatype for the child node without converting the datatype of the child node; and

storing the one or more access parameters in a volatile or non-volatile computer readable medium or displaying the one or more access parameters on a display device.

19. (Original) The method of claim 18 in which the mark-up language is based on XML, HTML, or SGML.
20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 18 in which at least one access parameter is based on offset position, data length, or datatype.
21. (Original) The method of claim 18 in which a named access procedure is defined to get a value for the child node or to set a value for the child node.
22. (Original) The method of claim 18 in which direct mapping is performed to an intended datatype for the child node.
23. (Original) The method of claim 18 in which the child node is not directly accessed if it corresponds to a datatype of 'ANY' or is a node that is not defined in the schema.
24. (Original) The method of claim 18 in which the child node is directly accessed if it corresponds to a native datatype of the system in which the method is performed.
25. (Original) The method of claim 18 in which direct access is performed to an offset location for the child node.
26. (Original) The method of claim 25 in which the child node is at a known offset from a location for the parent node.

27. (Original) The method of claim 26 in which a mapping of the known offset is managed independently of the data.

28. (Original) The method of claim 25 in which a memory layout associated with the data is maintained as a flat layout.

29. (Original) The method of claim 18 in which other child nodes not presently needed are not loaded into memory.

30. (Currently Amended) A system for implementing efficient access to XML data, comprising:

means for receiving a schema for the XML data;

a storage system for storing the XML data in a database, wherein one or more elements of the schema are stored in one or more respective columns of the database;

means for identifying an element within the schema to associate with a named access procedure;

[[means]] a processor for determining if the element ~~identified~~ is appropriate for association with the named access procedure based at least in part upon a datatype of the element, wherein certain datatypes of elements within the database are designated as not eligible for the named access procedure such that the element having at least one of the certain datatypes are not associated with the named access procedure;

means for creating the named access procedure and associating the named access procedure with the element if the element ~~identified~~ is appropriate for association, the named access procedure providing direct access to the element within the XML data such that the named access procedure returns an appropriate datatype for the element without converting the datatype of the element; and

~~—— a processor for determining at least one access parameter for the element relative to a second element in accordance with the schema, wherein the at least one access parameter allows the named access procedure to have direct access to the element stored in a column of the~~

~~database~~, wherein direct access comprises accessing the column of the database for the element to access an instance of the XML data associated with the element without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of elements defined in the schema; and

a volatile or non-volatile computer readable medium for storing the at least one parameter or a display device for displaying the at least one parameter.

31. (Currently Amended): A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having executable code to execute a process using a processor for implementing efficient access to XML data, the process comprising:

receiving a schema for the XML data;

storing the XML data in a database in a storage system, wherein one or more elements of the schema are stored in one or more respective columns of the database;

identifying an element within the schema to associate with a named access procedure;

determining if the element ~~identified~~ is appropriate for association with the named access procedure based at least in part upon a datatype of the element, wherein certain datatypes of elements within the database are designated as not eligible for the named access procedure such that the element having at least one of the certain datatypes are not associated with the named access procedure;

if the element ~~identified~~ is appropriate for association, then creating the named access procedure and associating the named access procedure with the element, the named access procedure providing direct access to the element within the XML data such that the named access procedure returns an appropriate datatype for the element without converting the datatype of the element; and—

~~determining using the processor at least one access parameter for the element relative to a second element in accordance with the schema, wherein the at least one access parameter allows the named access procedure to have direct access to the element stored in a column of the database, wherein direct access comprises accessing the column of the database for the element to access an instance of the XML data associated with the element without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of elements defined in the schema; and~~

a volatile or non-volatile computer readable medium for storing the at least one parameter or a display device for displaying the at least one parameter.

32. (Currently Amended) A system for performing efficient access to XML data, comprising:

a storage system storing the XML data in a database, wherein one or more elements of a schema associated with the XML data are stored in one or more respective columns of the database;

means for identifying an element associated with an instance of the XML data to access;

[[means]] a processor for determining if the element has been associated with a named access procedure corresponding to the element based at least in part upon a datatype of the element, wherein certain datatypes of elements within the database are designated as not eligible for the named access procedure such that the element having at least one of the certain datatypes was not associated with the named access procedure;

~~a processor for determining at least one access parameter for the element relative to a second element in accordance with a schema, wherein the at least one access parameter allows the named access procedure to have direct access to the element stored in a column of the database, wherein direct access comprises accessing the column of the database for the element to access an instance of the XML data associated with the element without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of elements defined in the schema;~~

means for using the named access procedure to direct access the XML data associated with the element if the element has been associated with the named access procedure such that the named access procedure returns an appropriate datatype for the element without converting the datatype of the element, wherein direct access comprises accessing a column of the database for the element to access an instance of the XML data associated with the element without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of elements defined in the schema; [[and]]

means for using a DOM API to access the instance of the XML data if the element has not been associated with the named access procedure; and

a volatile or non-volatile computer readable medium for storing the element or displaying a display device for the element.

33. (Currently Amended) A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having executable code to execute a process using a processor for performing efficient access to XML data, the process comprising:

storing the XML data in a database in a storage system, wherein one or more elements of a schema associated with the XML data are stored in one or more respective columns of the database;

identifying an element associated with an instance of the XML data to access;

determining if the element has been associated with a named access procedure corresponding to the element based at least in part upon a datatype of the element, wherein certain datatypes of elements within the database are designated as not eligible for the named access procedure such that the element having at least one of the certain datatypes was not associated with the named access procedure;

~~determining using the processor at least one access parameter for the element relative to a second element in accordance with a schema, wherein the at least one access parameter allows the named access procedure to have direct access to the element stored in a column of the database, wherein direct access comprises accessing the column of the database for the element to access an instance of the XML data associated with the element without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of elements defined in the schema;~~

if the element has been associated with the named access procedure, then using the named access procedure to direct access the XML data associated with the element such that the named access procedure returns an appropriate datatype for the element without converting the datatype of the element, wherein direct access comprises accessing a column of the database for the element to access an instance of the XML data associated with the element without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of elements defined in the schema; [[and]]

if the element has not been associated with the named access procedure, then using a DOM API to access the instance of the XML data; and

storing the element in a volatile or non-volatile computer readable medium or displaying the element on a display device.

34. (Currently Amended) A system for implementing efficient access to data that is based on a mark-up language, in which the data associated with a schema, the data comprising a parent node and one or more child nodes, the method comprising:

means for receiving the schema for the data that is based on the mark-up language;

a storage system for storing the data in a database, wherein the one or more child nodes of the data is stored in one or more respective columns of the database;

means for identifying a child node that is to be accessed within the data based at least in part upon a datatype of the child node, wherein certain datatypes of child nodes within the database is designated as not eligible for a named access procedure;

means for reviewing the schema to determine one or more access parameters relating to the child node;

a processor for determining one or more access parameters for the child node relative to the parent node in accordance with the schema, wherein the at least one access parameter allows the named access procedure to have direct access to an instance of the child node in the data stored in a column of the database, wherein direct access comprises accessing the column of the database for the child node to access an instance of the data associated with the child node without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of nodes defined in the schema; [[and]]

means for using the one or more access parameters to directly access an instance of the child node such that the named access procedure returns an appropriate datatype for the child node without converting the datatype of the child node; and

a volatile or non-volatile computer readable medium for storing the one or more access parameters or a display device for displaying the one or more access parameters.

35. (Currently Amended) A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having executable code to execute a process using a processor for implementing efficient access to data that is based at least in part upon a mark-up language, in which the data associated with a schema, the data comprising a parent node and one or more child nodes, the process comprising:

receiving the schema for the data that is based on the mark-up language;

storing the data in a database in a storage system, wherein the one or more child nodes of the data is stored in one or more respective columns of the database;

identifying a child node that is to be accessed within the data based at least in part upon a datatype of the child node, wherein certain datatypes of child nodes within the database is designated as not eligible for a named access procedure;

reviewing the schema to determine one or more access parameters relating to the child node;

determining using the processor one or more access parameters for the child node relative to the parent node in accordance with the schema, wherein the at least one access parameter allows the named access procedure to have direct access to an instance of the child node in the data stored in a column of the database, wherein direct access comprises accessing the column of the database for the child node to access an instance of the data associated with the child node without progressive traversal of a hierarchy of elements defined in the schema; [[and]]

using the one or more access parameters to directly access the child node such that the named access procedure returns an appropriate datatype for the child node without converting the datatype of the child node; and

storing the one or more access parameters in a volatile or non-volatile computer readable medium or displaying the one or more access parameters on a display device.

36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 18 in which direct access is performed to a location in an XML document for the child node.

37. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 30 in which the named access procedure is defined based upon analysis of the schema.

38. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 30 in which an access parameter includes offset information for the element.

39. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 30 in which the named access procedure performs a direct mapping to an intended datatype for the element.
40. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 30 in which the element is not appropriate for association if it corresponds to a datatype of 'ANY' or is a node that is not defined in the schema.
41. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 30 in which the element is appropriate for association if it corresponds to a native datatype of the system.
42. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 31 in which the named access procedure is defined based upon analysis of the schema.
43. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 31 in which an access parameter includes offset information for the element.
44. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 31 in which the named access procedure performs a direct mapping to an intended datatype for the element.
45. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 31 in which the element is not appropriate for association if it corresponds to a datatype of 'ANY' or is a node that is not defined in the schema.
46. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 31 in which the element is appropriate for association if it corresponds to a native datatype of the system.
47. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 34 in which the mark-up language is based on XML, HTML, or SGML.
48. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 34 in which-at least one access parameter is based on offset position, data length, or datatype.

49. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 34 in which direct mapping is performed to an intended datatype for the child node.
50. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 34 in which the child node is directly accessed if it corresponds to a native datatype of the system in which the method is performed.
51. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 35 in which the mark-up language is based on XML, HTML, or SGML.
52. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 35 in which-at least one access parameter is based on offset position, data length, or datatype.
53. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 35 in which direct mapping is performed to an intended datatype for the child node.
54. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 35 in which the child node is directly accessed if it corresponds to a native datatype of the system in which the method is performed.
55. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 32 in which the named access procedure performs a direct mapping to an intended datatype for the element.
56. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 32 in which other elements of the data not presently needed are not loaded into memory.
57. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 32 in which the element is at a known offset from a parent location.
58. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 32 in which a memory layout associated with the XML data is maintained as a flat layout.
59. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 33 in which the named access procedure performs a direct mapping to an intended datatype for the element.

60. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 33 in which other elements of the data not presently needed are not loaded into memory.
61. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 33 in which the element is at a known offset from a parent location.
62. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 33 in which a memory layout associated with the XML data is maintained as a flat layout.